# Mini-protocol for analytical investigations in the context of an outbreak

Insert name of primary investigator here

Identification of the outbreak		
Diagnosis:	<b>Confirmed:</b> 1. Yes: Method:	2. No
Date of reporting:	Location:	

#### **Number of cases to date:**

# Background - justification

- Describe the outbreak: Diagnosis, mode of reporting, number of cases and case fatality ratio.
- Describe how the time, place and person information as well as other elements allowed raising hypotheses about the source of infection.
- Spell out the suspected mode(s) of transmission and / or source(s) for the outbreak

# **Objectives**

• Spell out objectives of the analytical investigation. In most cases, it will be about testing a hypothesis regarding suspected mode(s) of transmission and/or source(s) of the outbreak.

# **Proposed methods**

# Null hypothesis

• Spell out the null hypothesis that will be tested with this investigation.

## **Design**

• Describe the type of design (e.g., survey, case-control, cohort) in one short bullet. If case control, specify if matching is needed and why.

#### Population

- Specify the population in which the investigation will be conducted (State, district, population size) Case definition
- Spell out the case definition that will be used.

## Case ascertainment

• Explain the strategy to look for cases to the included (in the case of a case control approach). Recruitment of controls (for case control studies)

• Explain the recruitment strategy for controls and the matching criteria (if applicable).

### Data collection

• Explain shortly (1) what data will be collected {major categories: For example: Demographic characteristics, socio-economic status, exposure to the suspected food, other risk factors} and (2) the data collection methods. Develop the questionnaire after consensus has been reached on this concept paper.

# Analysis plan

• Summarize the type of analysis (e.g., descriptive, analytical, stratified, multivariate) that will be carried out. Mention laboratory analysis if part of the investigations.

#### Sample size

• Briefly mention the sample size and the main assumptions used to calculate it. This should contain enough information for the reader to redo the calculations and double-check the estimate.

# Expected benefit

• Describe the expected outcome: How this investigation will influence prevention and control activities for the problem in question in the area where the project will be conducted.